TECHNOLOGY BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

Cost Transparency Foundation: Taxonomy and Definitions (TBM Council V4)



Data Collection



Cost Pools



Delivery

End User

Towers and Sub Towers



Financials



Projects Fixed Assets









Cloud Vendor





Software

Telecom

Internal Labor

services groups

existing applications.

vast amounts of data.

Public Cloud Compute.

box.

Hardware

External Labor Internal Services



Outside Services Facilities & Power

Miscellaneous or non-standard expenses

Miscellaneous charges received from other internal shared

Application Development: Resources involved with the

packaging services associated with application development

projects. Optional Level 3 categories include: Development,

analysis, design, development, code, test and release

Application Support and Operations: The operations,

support, fix and minor enhancements associated with

Business Software: Software expenditures including

licensing, maintenance and support related to off-the-shelf

<u>Converged Infrastructure:</u> Purpose-built appliances that

provide compute, storage and network capabilities in one

concurrent computing resources and parallel processing

research, product engineering and development, and

Mainframe: Traditional mainframe computers and

operations running legacy operating systems.

hardware, software, labor and support services.

techniques for solving complex computational problems. HPC

technology is applied in areas such as scientific and industrial

complex business modeling, simulation, and analysis. HPC

hardware and software technologies are specialized and

optimized for massively parallel computing and processing

Midrange: Servers running IBM AS/400 platform including

Servers: Physical and virtual servers running a version of

includes hardware, software, labor and support services;

Optional Level 3 categories include; Windows, Linux and

Unix: Servers running vendor-specific, proprietary Unix

includes hardware, software, labor and support services.

operating systems (e.g., IBM AIX, Sun Solaris, HP UX);

Microsoft's Windows Server or the Linus operating system;

<u>High Performance Computing:</u> The use of massive

Other

Internal

Services

Other

Application

Compute

• Cost Centers Chart of Account

- Actuals
- Budget
- Forecast
- Fixed Asset Register
- Vendor Data
- FTE Headcount
- Contractor Headcount



Hardware expense of noncapitalized purchases: Hardware and support expenditure; Depreciation of capitalized nurchases

Software

capitalized software purchase; Subscription expenditures; Maintenance and support expenditures; Depreciation of capitalized software license purchases and software

Internal Labor

expenses and occupancy **External Labor**

External consulting project-based services; External managed service Outside providers; External public coud Services service providers including laaS,

center lease expenditures; Facilities & Maintenance and support

Power

improvements Voice and data network connectivity expenses including circuit and usage expenditures; Telecom Lease expenditures; Maintenance

lease expenditures; Maintenance

Software expense of non-

development efforts

Employee wages, benefits,

External contractor fees, travel and

PaaS, and SaaS

Data center space: Power, security and other operating expenses: Data expenditures: Depreciation of facility building and leasehold

and support expenditures;

capitalized telecom expenditures

Data Center Depreciation/Amortization of any

Enterprise Data Center: Purpose-built data center facilities that house and protect critical IT equipment including the space, power, environment controls, racks, cabling and

"smart hand" support. **Other Facilities:** Computer rooms and MDF/IDF/telco closets that house IT equipment in corporate headquarters, call centers or other general purpose office buildings.

Application

- Application Development
- Application Support & Operations
- Business Software

Compute

- Converged Infrastructure
- High Performance Computing
- Mainframe
- Midrange
- Servers
- Unix

Data Center

• Enterprise Data Center

Other Facilities

Client Management: Resources or "account managers" aligned with the lines of business to understand business needs, communicate IT products, services and status of IT projects. IT Service Management: Resources involved with the incident, problem and change management activities as part of the IT Service management process (excludes the Tier 1 help desk). **Operations Center:** Centralized IT Operations Center resources including monitoring and intervention e.g., NOC (network operations center),

GOC (global operations center). Program, Product and Project Management:

Resources involved with managing and supporting IT related projects and/or continuous product development (e.g. Agile) across business and ITdriven initiatives.

Conferencing and AV: Audio and video conferencing equipment typically used in conference rooms and dedicated telepresence rooms to enable workforce communications

<u>Deskside Support:</u> Local support resources that provide on-site support for moves, adds, changes and hands on issue resolution.

End User Software: Client related software used to author, create, collaborate and share documents and other content. Examples include email. communications, messaging, word processing, spreadsheets, presentations, desktop publishing, graphics and others. Option Level 3 categories include Productivity; Communications; Collaboration

IT Help Desk: Centralized Tier 1 help desk resources that handle user request, answer questions and resolve issues

Mobile Devices: Client compute tablets, smart phones (iOS, Android, Windows Mobile) and apps used by individuals to perform work.

Network Printers: Printers located on or near users' desktops; Examples include network connected personal printer, ink-jet printers, laser printers, departmental or copy-room printers; Only include network connected printers; Do not include printers connect to an end user computer

Workspace: Client compute physical desktops, portable laptops, thin client machines, peripherals, (including monitors, pointer devices and attached personal printers) used by individuals to perform work.

- IT Service Management
- Operations Center
- Project Management
- Client Management

End User

Delivery

- Workspace
- Mobile Devices
- End User Software Network Printers

IT Management

- Conferencing & AV
- IT Help Desk
- Deskside Support

IT Management

- IT Management & Strategic Planning
- Enterprise Architecture
- IT Finance
- IT Vendor Management

Network

- LAN/WAN Voice
- Transport

Enterprise Architecture: Enterprise architecture

integration and efficiency among business

IT Finance: Resources involved in the planning,

expenditures and the costing of IT products and

typically CIO, senior IT leaders and administrative

IT Vendor Management: Resources involved in the

performance management and general delivery of

services by 3rd party vendors and external service

LAN/WAN: Physical and wireless local area network

connecting equipment within the core data centers

and connecting end users in office working areas to

the company's broader networks. Wide area

parties (excludes telecom and communication

network equipment, labor and support services

directly connecting data centers, offices and third

IT Management and Strategic Planning: IT

management and administration resources;

support including centralized IT strategy and

selection, contract management, oversight,

technology solutions

services.

planning.

providers.

services including business, information, application

and technical architecture to drive standardization,

budgeting, spend management and chargeback of IT

Output

• Central Print

• Disaster Recovery

Storage • Online Storage

Platform

Database

• Big Data

Security

Security

Compliance

Middleware

Mainframe Database

• Mainframe Middleware • Container Orchestration

- Offline Storage
- Mainframe Online Storage
- Mainframe Offline Storage

Big Data: Systems and resources for integrating, managing and analyzing high volumes of low density, unstructured data that is received at high rates of velocity.

Container Orchestration: Tools and resources for managing the lifecycles of containers. Includes the control and automation of tasks such as provisioning and deployment of containers, maintaining availability, scaling up or removing containers to manage application loads, relocating containers, allocating resources for containers, and monitoring container and host health

<u>Database</u>: Distributed database services focused on the physical database (versus the logical design) including DBAs, DBMS, tools and

Mainframe Database: Mainframe database services focused on the physical database (versus the logical design) including the DBAs, DBMS, tools and operation support

Mainframe Middleware: Mainframe platform, application and system integration resources enabling cross application development, communication and information sharing.

Middleware: Distributed platform, application and system integration resources enabling cross application development, communications and information sharing.

Compliance: IT Compliance resources setting policy, establishing controls and measuring compliance to relevant legal and compliance requirements: Optional Level 3 categories include: Data Privacy. Disaster Recovery: IT Disaster Recovery resources setting DR Policy, establishing process and means, dedicated failover facilities, performing DR testing: NOTE: DR designated equipment is included directly in its own sub-tower (e.g., extra servers for DR are included in

Security: IT Security resources setting policy, establishing process and means, measuring compliance and responding to security breaches. Option Level 3 categories include: Cyber Security.

Mainframe Offline Storage: Any storage resources used for archive, backup and recovery to support data loss, data corruption, disaster recovery and compliance requirements of the mainframe storage. Mainframe Online Storage: Mainframe attached storage arrays and the associated equipment, software and labor to run and operate. Offline Storage: Offline storage resources used for archive, backup and recovery to support data loss, data corruption, disaster recovery and compliance requirements of the distributed storage.

Online Storage: Central storage such as SAN, NAS and similar technologies for the distribute compute infrastructure; includes the equipment, software and labor to run and operate; Option Level 3 categories include: On-Premise, Public Cloud storage.

Storage

Security

Platform

<u>Transport</u>: Data network circuits and associated

includes usage associate with mobility and other Also includes usage associated with standard terrestrial (e.g., satellite) technologies. Optional Level 3 categories include: Data, Voice,

services). Optional Level 3 categories include: LAN,

access facilities and service; includes dedicated and virtual data network and internet access. Also data transmit based on usage billing; Voice network circuits and associated access facilities and service: telephone calls and 800 number service. Both voice and data transport may include terrestrial and non-

Voice: Voice resources which enable or distribute voice services through on-premise equipment including PBX, VoIP, voicemail and handsets (excludes telecom and communication services).

Output

Network

Central Print: Central print services; often provided to support customer billing or customer documentation support process. Unit of measure: Page.