SEC-09-01-S

State CIO Adopted: April 1, 2024

TSB Approved: Pending Sunset Review: Pending



Replaces: IT Security Standard 141.10 (10) December 11, 2017

SECURITY LOGGING STANDARD

See Also:

RCW <u>43.105.450</u> Office of Cybersecurity RCW 43.105.054 OCIO Governance RCW 43.105.205 (3) Higher Ed RCW <u>43.105.020</u> (22) "State agency"

- 1. Agencies must configure their information technology systems and networks to generate security logs (See NIST 800-92 - Guide to Computer Security Log Management).
 - a. Data contained in security logs is considered Category 3 data and is exempt from public records disclosure per RCW 42.56.420.(See the Data Classification Standard.)
 - b. Agencies must configure the following systems to log information, exceptions, and user account activity necessary to reconstruct security events:
 - i. Security software.
 - ii. Antivirus software.
 - iii. Firewalls
 - iv. Intrusion detection and prevention systems.
 - v. Operating systems and servers.
 - vi. Workstations.
 - vii. Network equipment.
 - viii. Applications.
- 2. Each log entry must include the following data, where available:
 - a. Account / User ID
 - b. Port Number
 - c. Type of event

- d. Success or failure of the event
- e. Date and time of the event (timestamp)
- f. Source and Destination IP addresses
- Agencies must configure agency security log generation processes to notify agency <u>security administrators</u> in the event of a log generation error. Alerts must be auditable and as close to real time as possible. See the <u>Audit and</u> <u>Accountability Policy</u>.
- 4. Agencies must harden their logging infrastructure according to the Configuration Management Standard.
- 5. Agencies must protect agency security logs from unauthorized access, modification, and deletion.
- 6. Agencies must retain the agency's security logs for at least one year. See Washington Secretary of State's <u>General Records Retention Schedule</u>.
 - a. Agencies must ensure retained security logs are not corrupted.
 - b. Agencies may need to meet longer log retention criteria due to Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) and Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) requirements.
 - c. Agencies must develop and document a process to provide for log preservation requests, such as a legal requirement to prevent the alteration and destruction of log records.

REFERENCES

- NIST Special Publication 800-92, <u>Guide to Computer Security Log</u> <u>Management</u>.
- 2. SEC-08-01-S Data Classification Standard.
- 3. SEC-09 Audit and Accountability Policy.
- 4. SEC-04-03-S Configuration Management Standard.
- 5. SEC-04-02-S Media Sanitization and Disposal.
- 6. <u>Definitions of Terms Used in WaTech Policies and Reports</u>.
- 7. RCW 42.56.420 Security.
- 8. <u>NIST 800-171 Protecting Controlled by Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Systems and Organizations.</u>
- 9. Washington Secretary of State's **General Records Retention Schedule**.

10. NIST Cybersecurity Framework Mapping:

- PROTECT.PROTECTIVE TECHNOLOGY-1: Audit/log records are determined, documented, implemented, and reviewed in accordance with policy.
- DETECT.ANOMOLIES AND EVENTS-3: Event data are collected and correlated from multiple sources and sensors.

CONTACT INFORMATION

- For questions about this policy, please email the WaTech Policy Mailbox.
- For risk management document submissions, email the <u>WaTech's Risk</u> <u>Management Mailbox</u>.
- For technical questions or to request a Security Design Review, please email sdr@watech.wa.gov.